SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Identification

Product name : Easy Off BAM Washing Machine Cleaner

SDS no. : PSDS9800369
Formulation # : FRM8312009
Supplier : AUSTRALIA

RB (Hygiene Home) Australia Pty Ltd 680 George St , Sydney, NSW 2000

Tel: +61 (0)2 9857 2000

NEW ZEALAND

RB (Hygiene Home) New Zealand Limited

2 Fred Thomas Drive, Takapuna Auckland , New Zealand 0622

Tel: +64 9 484 1400

Poison Information contact: : Australia - 13 11 26

New Zealand - 0800 764 766 or 0800 POISON

<u>Uses</u>

Product use : Laundry regular (powder, liquid) for consumer use

UPC Code / Sizes : HDPE bottle with PP cap/lid

2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

: CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms



Signal word : DANGER

Hazard statements : May be corrosive to metals.

Causes skin irritation.
Causes serious eye damage.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

General : Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container

or label at hand.

Prevention: Wear eye protection. Keep only in original packaging. Wash hands thoroughly after

nandling

Response : IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce

vomiting. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a

POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

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2. Hazard identification

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy-	≥10 - <20	77-92-9
L-Lactic acid (2-hydroxy propionic acid)	≤5	79-33-4
Propylene glycol	≤3	57-55-6
quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-14-alkyldimethyl,chlorides	≤2.2	85409-22-9

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

The total concentration of ingredients in this product, reported or not in this section, is 100%.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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4. First-aid measures

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure

mode.

Hazchem code : 2X

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Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Store locked up. Keep away from metals. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

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8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Australia

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name

1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy-

Propylene glycol

Exposure limits

DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 10/2021).

PEAK: 4 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Form:

inhalable fraction

TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction

Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019).

TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Particulate

TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. Form: Vapor and particulates TWA: 474 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Vapor and particulates

New Zealand

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
propane-1,2-diol	NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020). WES-TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Particulate WES-TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. Form: Vapor and particulates WES-TWA: 474 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Vapor and particulates

Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

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8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : Blue. [Transparent]

Odour : Fragrant.
Odour threshold : Not available.

pH : 2.2 to 2.8 [Conc. (% w/w): 100%]

Melting point/freezing point Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range Not available.Not available.

Flash point : Not available.
Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability : Not available.
Lower and upper explosion : Not available.

limit/flammability limit

Vapour pressure: Not available.Relative vapour density: Not available.Relative density: Not available.Density: 1.09 to 1.13 g/cm³

Solubility(ies) :

Media	Result
cold water hot water	Easily soluble Easily soluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Incompatible materials: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

metals

10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy-	LD50 Oral	Rat	11700 mg/kg	-
Propylene glycol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	20 g/kg	-
quaternary ammonium	LD50 Dermal	Rat - Male,	2734 mg/kg	-
compounds, benzyl-		Female		
C12-14-alkyldimethyl, chlorides				
	LD50 Dermal	Rat - Male,	3412.5 mg/kg	-
		Female		
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male,	344 mg/kg	-
		Female		
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	795 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
FIL,COLON,EXPRESS	Skin - Irritant	Mouse	-	-	-
1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 750	-
acid, 2-hydroxy-				ug	
L-Lactic acid (2-hydroxy propionic acid)	Skin - Irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours	-
Propylene glycol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	168 hours	-
				500 mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Woman	-	96 hours 30 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Child	-	96 hours 30	-
				% C	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Human	-	72 hours 104	-
				mg I	
quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl- C12-14-alkyldimethyl, chlorides	Eyes - Cornea opacity	Rabbit	4	-	72 hours
	Skin - Visible necrosis	Rabbit	-	1 hours	72 hours

Conclusion/Summary

Skin Bridging principle "Substantially similar mixtures": Causes skin irritation.

Eyes Calculation method: Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Sensitisation

3	Route of exposure	Species	Result
L-Lactic acid (2-hydroxy propionic acid)	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing

Conclusion/Summary

Skin Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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11. Toxicological information

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Respiratory

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy-	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

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11. Toxicological information

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/SummaryBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Germ Cell Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	11856.12 mg/kg
Dermal	73333.33 mg/kg

12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy-	Acute LC50 160000 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Carcinus maenas - Adult	48 hours
L-Lactic acid (2-hydroxy propionic acid)	Acute EC50 240000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 130 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Propylene glycol	Acute EC50 >110 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1020000 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 710000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl- C12-14-alkyldimethyl, chlorides	Acute EC50 0.03 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	96 hours
	Acute EC50 0.016 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.515 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
	Acute LC50 0.85 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.009 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.013 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.273 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	28 days

Conclusion/Summary

Calculation method: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Persistence and degradability

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12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl- C12-14-alkyldimethyl, chlorides	OECD 301D 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	63 % - Readily - 28	days	-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis	S	Biodegradability
quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl- C12-14-alkyldimethyl, chlorides	-		-		Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy-	-1.8	-	low
, ,	-1.07	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. Transport information

	ADG	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN3265	UN3265	UN3265	UN3265
UN proper shipping name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N. O.S. (Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl- C12-14-alkyldimethyl, chlorides)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N. O.S. (BENZALKONIUM CHLORIDE)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N. O.S. (Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl- C12-14-alkyldimethyl, chlorides)	Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s. (Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-14-alkyldimethyl, chlorides)
Transport hazard class(es)	8	8	8	8

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14. Transport information

Packing group	III	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

ADG : Hazchem code 2X

Special provisions 223, 274

ADR/RID : Hazard identification number 80

> **Limited quantity** 5 L Special provisions 274 Tunnel code (E)

IMDG : Emergency schedules F-A, S-B

Special provisions 223, 274

IATA : Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 5 L. Packaging instructions: 852.

Cargo Aircraft Only: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 856. Limited Quantities -

Passenger Aircraft: 1 L. Packaging instructions: Y841.

Special provisions A3, A803

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according: Not available.

to IMO instruments

15. Regulatory information

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

Not scheduled

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC) All components are listed or exempted.

New Zealand Inventory of

Chemicals (NZIoC)

All components are listed or exempted.

HSNO Group Standard

Cleaning Products (Corrosive) HSR002526

HSNO Approval Number Approved Handler

No.

Requirement

Tracking Requirement

No.

16. Other information

Key to abbreviations

: ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road

RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods

by Rail

IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons

UN = United Nations

SWA = Safe Work Australia

HSNO = Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996

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16. Other information

(Version for updated GHS Revision 7 PSDS Template)

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification

CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1

LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3

Claulation method

Calculation method

References : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Please read all labels carefully before using product.

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